Diverse Downtowns

75 of the region’s downtowns were analyzed, and each were assigned a Diversity Score and a Pandemic Impact Score on scales of 1—100, with one being the most diverse and least impacted.

This effort found that more diverse downtowns were generally less impacted by the economic shutdown related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

All 75 of the downtowns that were analyzed are listed, along with their Pandemic Impact Scores, in order from most to least diverse.

Princeton | 33
West Chester Borough | 34
Norristown Borough | 37
Burlington City | 46
Collingswood Borough | 45
Upper Darby Township | 32
Lower Merion Township (Ardmore) | 38
Glassboro Borough | 39
Phoenixville Borough | 44
Haddonfield Borough | 35
Woodbury City | 43
Lansdowne Borough | 49
Trenton (State Street) | 58
Bristol Borough | 26
Lansdale Borough | 54
Doylestown Borough | 29
Bordentown City | 52
Riverside Township | 59
Mount Holly Township | 48
Kennett Square Borough | 48
Chester City (Avenue of the States) | 41
New Hope Borough | 14
Swarthmore Borough | 60
Media Borough | 40
Gloucester City | 50

Pottstown Borough | 39
Coatesville City | 56
Moorestown Township | 54
Paulsboro Borough | 58
Swedesboro Borough | 43
Pitman Borough | 50
Lower Merion Township (Bryn Mawr) | 54
Quakertown Borough | 35
Philadelphia (52nd Street) | 33
Radnor Township (Wayne) | 50
Ampthor Borough | 61
Palmyra Borough | 47
Marcus Hook Borough | 57
Malvern Borough | 45
Narberth Borough | 59
Downingtown Borough | 42
Haddon Township (Westmont) | 38
Merchantville Borough | 52
Pennsauken Township | 49
Camden City (Federal Street) | 42
Sellersville Borough | 75
Darby Borough | 55
Maple Shade Township | 58
Harrison Township (Mullica Hill) | 27
Langhorne Borough | 52

Newtown Borough | 42
Berlin Borough | 61
Norwood Borough | 67
Hightstown Borough | 55
Haddon Heights Borough | 58
Hartboro Borough | 47
Ridley Park Borough | 69
Perkasie Borough | 53
Audubon Borough (Merchant St.) | 58
Pine Hill Borough | 59
Jenkintown Borough | 52
Lower Merion Township (Haverford) | 75
Riverton Borough | 70
Cheltenham Township (Glenside) | 55
Yardley Borough | 49
Souderton Borough | 73
Haverford Township (Oakmont) | 59
Morrisville Borough | 60
Telford Borough | 59
Westville Borough | 64
Wenonah Borough | 88
Barrington Borough | 74
Haverford Township (Brookline) | 66
East Lansdowne Borough | 60
Laurel Springs Borough | 81

Disclaimer:
This is an analysis of visits to and trade areas of the region’s downtowns. However, it is not an economic impact analysis. Retail sales were not part of this body of work.
Characteristics that **reduced** the pandemic’s impact:

Downtowns with the following characteristics were generally less impacted by the pandemic than their peers.

### Development
Recent mixed-use, residential, and retail developments within the downtowns increased diversity as well as resiliency.

### Diversity
Downtowns with diverse built environments, demographics, local economies, mix of uses, and transportation options, were less impacted.

### People
Diverse and permanent residential populations located within the downtowns provided retailers with customers even as people stayed close to home.

### Trails
Existing Circuit Trails connected downtowns with open space and enabled alternative modes of transportation.

### Walkability
Historic downtowns with more pedestrian-friendly built environments had greater resiliency.
Characteristics that **exacerbated** the pandemic’s impact:

Downtowns that lacked the characteristics found to reduce the pandemic’s impact, or that were more greatly defined by the following characteristics, were generally more impacted by the pandemic than their peers.

**Cars**
Auto-oriented downtowns with lower Walk Scores and more cars per household were more impacted by the pandemic.

**Colleges**
Downtowns that are overly-reliant on these anchor institutions were less resilient during the pandemic.

**Goods & Services**
As the share of Neighborhood Goods & Services (NGS) retailers increased in a downtown, so did the pandemic’s impact.

**Transit**
The pandemic significantly reduced transit ridership, and this impact had a ripple effect in transit-oriented downtowns.

**Vacancy**
The pandemic had a greater impact as downtown vacancy rates increased.
Diverse Downtowns | Westville Borough, NJ

For the 75 downtowns analyzed, each were assigned a Diversity Score and a Pandemic Impact Score on scales of 1—100, with one being the most diverse and least impacted. The more diverse downtowns were generally less impacted by the pandemic.

Westville has a historic downtown with a modest residential population. Its craft brewery and civic use add to the downtown’s diversity, but it has the highest vacancy rate in the region and there is a high share of Neighborhood Goods & Services (NGS) retailers as well. These qualities are why Westville’s downtown received a Diversity Score of 70, which indicates that it less diverse than most of the region's downtowns.

Similarly, Westville’s downtown received a Pandemic Impact Score of 64, which suggests the pandemic’s impact on the downtown was higher than average.

Diversity Score
Built environment, mix of uses, population, transportation, and types of downtowns

Pandemic Impact Score
Visits and trade area pre-pandemic, and during the shutdown and reopening periods
Downtown Typologies

Nine downtown typologies were identified and the average Pandemic Impact Score was determined for each: Brewery (45), Circuit (48), Classic (46), College (50), Core (43), Expanding (42), Historic (47), Opportunity (45), and Transit-Oriented (50).

In general, more typologies equated to a lower Pandemic Impact Score. Westville is considered to be three typologies: Brewery, Circuit (although the trail has not yet been built), and Historic. Downtowns that are considered to be three typologies had an average Pandemic Impact Score of 53.

It is worth noting that Circuit downtowns that have not yet built their Circuit Trail had an average score of 53, compared to a score of 48 for those that have an existing trail.
A negative correlation between the estimated population of the region’s downtowns and the Pandemic Impact Score was identified. In other words, the larger the downtown population, the smaller the impact.

In 2019, the population in Westville’s downtown was estimated to be 63, compared to the average of 165 for all downtowns and 326 for the least impacted downtowns.
Retail accounts for 45% of the uses in Westville’s downtown, which is less than the averages of 57% for all downtowns and 60% for the least impacted downtowns. In the least impacted downtowns, the share of Food & Beverage (FB) and General Merchandise, Apparel, Furnishings & Other (GAFO) retailers was significantly more at 30% and 38%, respectively. On average, as the share of each of these increased the Pandemic Impact Score decreased.

Conversely, Neighborhood Goods & Services (NGS) retailers made up a much smaller share of 30% in the least impacted downtowns, and Westville has the highest vacancy rate in the region. In general, as the share of NGS retailers or the vacancy rate increased, so did the Pandemic Impact Score.
Visits to Downtown

Geolocated, deidentified cellphone location data was analyzed to determine the pandemic’s impact on visits to the region’s downtowns and their trade areas. Visits to Westville were as follows:

- **Pre-Pandemic**
  - Delaware: 11%
  - Maryland: 0.1%
  - New Jersey: 92.1%
  - New York: 0.0%
  - Pennsylvania: 6.7%

- **Shutdown | March 13 - June 15, 2020**
  - Delaware: 1.2%
  - Maryland: 0.0%
  - New Jersey: 90.6%
  - New York: 0.0%
  - Pennsylvania: 8.2%

- **Reopening | June 16 - October 31, 2020**
  - Delaware: 1.4%
  - Maryland: 0.0%
  - New Jersey: 94.3%
  - New York: 0.0%
  - Pennsylvania: 4.3%
Before the pandemic, visitors to Westville came from throughout southern New Jersey, as well as from Philadelphia County and beyond the region. During the pandemic, most visitors came from nearby portions of Camden and Gloucester Counties.

Between August 2018 and March 2020, 4,738 people visited the downtown, which was much less than the average of 8,800 visits for all of the downtowns.

During the shutdown (March 13 - June 15) there were 185 visits, and during the reopening period (June 16 - October 31) there were 308 visits to Westville.
Shutdown Impact
March 13 - June 15, 2020

During the economic shutdown, there were 185 visits to Westville compared to 1,305 visits during the same period in 2019. This equated to an 86% reduction.

The average number of visits during the shutdown period was 439 compared to 2,450 visits during the same period in 2019, which equated to an average reduction of 81%.

Gloucester City’s downtown had the smallest reduction in visits at 66%, and the average for the least impacted downtowns was 81%.

SOURCE: BUXTON CO.
Visits to Westville increased by 66% during the reopening period to a total of 308 visits. This was 81% fewer than the 1,646 visits that occurred during the same period in 2019.

On average, visits increased by 62% for all downtowns, to approximately 700 visits, and by 91% for the least impacted downtowns, to approximately 1,700 visits.

New Hope observed the greatest increase at 215%, with more than 2,800 visits during that time.
Westville's pre-pandemic trade area was a 26 minute drive time, and the trade area shrank by 8% during the shutdown to 24 minutes. During reopening, the trade area shrank by an additional 4% to 23 minutes. Westville was one of only five downtowns to have its trade area shrink further during reopening.

The average pre-pandemic trade area was 31 minutes, with a 23% reduction during the shutdown down to 24 minutes. The average recovery was 10% for all downtowns up to 27 minutes.

### Trade Area Recovery
(Drive Time in Minutes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Downtown</th>
<th>Recovery</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>52ND STREET</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BRISTOL</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOYLESTOWN</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HADDONFIELD</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HARRISON (MULLICA HILL)</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEW HOPE</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRINCETON</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QUAKERTOWN</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UPPER DARBY</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEST CHESTER</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL DOWNTOWNS</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SOURCE: BUXTON CO.